



GN I DECI ON B JEF

STRATEGIC COMPETITION IN THE ARCTIC: SOONER OR LATER?

Written by:
Tad Schnaufer II, PhD

• • 6, 2023

Introduction

The Arctic has a reputation for being dark, cold, and inhospitable but melting sea ice has made natural resources more accessible and opened shipping lanes, drawing the attention of the great powers. In 1996, to deal with competing interests the eight Arctic nations (Canada, Denmark, Finland, Iceland, Norway, Russia, Sweden, and the United States) signed the Ottawa Treaty creating the Arctic Council. This council is an intergovernmental forum promoting cooperation in the region and involves 13 non-Arctic nations including China, France, India, Japan, and Poland. Most of the Arctic nations are U.S. Allies. Once Sweden joins NATO, Russia will be the only Arctic nation not in the alliance. Even with its allies, American capabilities in the region are challenged by Russia. Comparatively, Russia has extensive infrastructure and military bases in the region and has amassed the largest

LFHEUHDNHUÀHWLQKHZRUOGLWKVKLSVKHQWHGWDWHV
KDVYHDLQRQWKUHH(YHQFWKHQWHGWDWHVDQWV
DOOLHVFRPELQVVHWVLWZRQEHRQLFHEUHDNHUV

Icebreakers alone do not indicate a nation's Arctic capability, but provide one indicator to be considered along with military bases, regional infrastructure, and air forces. Considering this situation, three main factors have pulled the great powers to the region. (1) The year-on-year reduction of sea ice has allowed greater access to shipping lanes and natural resources. (2) New technologies have made the region more accessible. This includes

PRHUQFHUEUHDNHUVDOOZHDWKHUDLUVWULSVequip15more3 009 34.5593 4icator toould 38.593 al36 n3 Tm6005005068060000ticti

Yet, other barriers will likely keep the Arctic lanes from emerging as massive shipping routes in the next few decades. Increased insurance premiums, extreme seasonal weather and sea conditions, along with the respective rules of each of the
QWLRQO(VZLOOOLPLWPDULWLPHUDIERSWWKLVLQRFRQWH[W
VKLSVHQRHULQWKHSFWLFKDYHLEUHDVHGURPaVKLSVD
HDULQRaVKLSVDHDULQRIRZSFWLFB

- Should the United States invest in expanding its Arctic capabilities through building military bases, all-weather DLUZHOGV FRQVWUXFWLQJ PLOLWD Environmental Protection, Sustainable Development, International Cooperation and Governance. H[SDQGLQJ LWV DJLQJ LFH EUHDNHU
- Should the United States increase its port and naval capabilities in the Bering Strait to better control access to the \$UFWLFBFHQ"
- +RZ FDQ WKH 8QLWHG 6WDWHV VKDUGHWKH EXUGHQRI \$UFWLFSULRULWLHV
- With the war in Ukraine ongoing and the current Israel-Hamas FRQALFW ZKHUH GRHV WKH \$UFWLFI DOO RQ 86 VWUDWHJLF SULRULWLHV
- 7KH :KLWH +RXVHTV 1DWLRQDO 6WUDW lists 4 main 'pillars': Security, Climate Change and Development, International Cooperation and Governance.